

Goering Orders Latest Violence To Stop As Jolting Plan

REICH INDIGANT AT CRITICISM ABROAD

Victims Of Persecution Beg U. S. Officials For Visas

BERLIN, Nov. 15—(AP)—Gen. Hermann Wilhelm Goering was reported in reliable quarters Tuesday night to have been in an angry mood when he learned of the new wave of Nazi anti-Semitic violence, on the grounds that it severely jolted the four-year economic plan he directs.

The field marshal, whose dozen positions include the premiership of Prussia and supreme dictatorship over foreign exchange and raw materials, was reported to have given strict orders to cease property destruction like that of last Thursday when Jewish stores and synagogues throughout Germany were damaged and burned.

He was said also to have berated those responsible for damages costing millions of dollars, but the smashing of a laundry and a grocery near Templehof Airdrome in Berlin Monday night indicated disregard for his orders.

Wilson Visits Ribbentrop

U. S. Ambassador Hugh R. Wilson, recalled to Washington for what informed quarters thought was a report on the entire German situation especially the anti-Jewish wave, called on Foreign Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop Tuesday preparatory to sailing on the liner Manhattan Thursday.

The envoy conferred with several diplomatic colleagues. It was understood one possible solution urged upon him was that some colony held under a mandate by another country formerly belonging to Germany be opened to Jews for mass emigration from Germany.

A definite note of surprise and indignation over the proportions of the criticism abroad in the wake of last week's anti-Semitic outbreaks and subsequent measures ending Jewish participation in national life was struck in the German press.

Summary Issued

A foreign office mouthpiece, the Deutsche Diplomatisch Politische Korrespondenz, took note of the feeling and issued a summary of the Jewish situation with the observation that it "is all too soon forgotten how and why the problem came to a head."

The Korrespondenz asserted that world Jewry greeted the Nazi assumption of power with "an open fight against the German people."

Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels' newspaper, Angriff, and other newspapers used headlines like "Poor People of Israel" and "Poor Jew With 12,000,000 Marks" over lists of propertied Jews, as shown in reports of Jews' wealth made under a decree of last April.

The paper reported that 35,802 Berlin Jews possessed property and money aggregating at least 5,000 marks (\$2,000). Of this number the paper said 894 possessed at least 300,000 marks (\$120,000), 346 had at least 500,000 marks (\$200,000), and so on.

Fine Levied

Jews, ordered to keep out of theaters, followed by secret police, expelled from schools and fearing further restrictive decrees, have been ordered to pay for damage done their property last week and face a collective fine of \$400,000,000.

It became known that one wealthy Berlin Jew, the owner of a department store, was assessed 1,000,000 marks (\$400,000) by the Jewish community organization as his part of the levy for last week's damages.

The staff of the United States consulate was almost at the end of its endurance after five days of attempting to solace frantic Jews who sought comfort and safety near the American flag.

Turn to Page 13, Column 3

GOERING ORDERS END TO VIOLENCE

Victims Of Persecution

Beg U. S. Officials For Visas

Continued From Page 1

The lines of Jews and others seeking immigration visas or other help have extended often far out into the street before the consulate. Consulates of other nations have been besieged likewise.

Despair Pictured

"I am through," one consular official said in despair as he emerged for lunch with several compatriots.

"Just as I was leaving, two mothers plaintively held their babies up to me.

"For God's sake, give us visas so we can find our husbands," they said. That was the final straw. It got me."

Hitherto, one refuge for Jews after they had stood for hours before the United States consulate was a large, comfortable team room in the building occupied by the consular officials. But this was eliminated as a haven Tuesday when a sign was put up reading, "Jews Not Wanted."

Adding to the despair of some Jewish parents was their difficulty in finding their sons. Under new decrees, Jewish educational homes have been dissolved and boys in them have been taken away.

Jewish Youths Seized

At the experimental farm for Jewish boys at Neuendorf, near Berlin, where training in farming and gardening was offered, the entire student body of 50 was seized and sent to fortifications on a frontier, reliable sources said.

Men of high standing in the German community—scientists, bankers, business men—reported that they were being importuned for assistance by Jewish friends, but that they were unable to help.

One new restrictive measure for Jews came in the form of an order to banks to permit Jews to withdraw not more than 100 marks (\$40), a day. Still to come were more decrees regulating the life of German Jews already ejected from business, public amusement places and cultural institutions.

In high Jewish quarters it was learned there has been no indication of how the 1,000,000,000 mark (\$40,000,000) fine is to be levied.

Leaders of the Jewish community themselves were unable to discuss the means of meeting the demand since many were in jail or hiding, and means of communicating with each other were broken.

Some Jewish business men said Jews would be fortunate if they receive one-thirty-fifth of the assessed value of their businesses in the "mass Aryanization" of business program scheduled in the next six weeks.

Jews in Vienna, carrying out police orders, affixed signs in both Hebrew and German to their demolished stores indicating the owner's name and the character of the goods sold.

They did this although the great majority were unable to resume business and although they must quit by Jan. 1, 1939, anyway. Rather than risk new fines, however, they went to the new expense of the signs for the short period.